

## **EVEN AND EVEN SQUARE IDEALS OF A RING**

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Following the notion of even and even square rings, here we introduce the notion of even and even square ideals of a ring  $R$ . We study some properties of these ideals and give some examples.

**KEY-WORDS** : Even square ring, even ideal, even square ideal.

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### **INTRODUCTION**

**T**his article deals with even and even square ideals of a ring  $R$ . The notion of even and even square rings has been introduced recently [1]. The notion of nil elements which are special type of nilpotent elements has been introduced in [1-2]. The idea to study even and even square ideals of a ring  $R$  has originated through the study of even square rings and related notions.

Recall that an element  $a$  of a ring  $R$  is called a nil element if  $a^2 = 2a = 0$ . An element  $a$  of a ring  $R$  is called an even element if  $a \in 2R$  and an element  $a$  of a ring  $R$  is called an even square element if  $a^2 \in 2R$ . We shall use these definitions to give examples of even and even square ideals.

There are well established notion of various type of ideals in a ring  $R$  like prime ideal, maximal ideal, etc. [3-10]. In the case of prime or maximal ideals the whole ring is never a prime or maximal ideal.

However in the case of even and even square ideals the whole ring can be an even or even square ideal. It is seen that if a ring  $R$  has an even square ideal then  $R$  need not be an even square ring. It may be noted that each even ideal of a ring  $R$  is an even square ideal however each even square ideal is not necessarily an even ideal. We provide some results on even and even square ideals.

### **SOME RESULTS AND EXAMPLES**

**F**ollowing the definition of even and even square rings first of all we define even and even square ideals of a ring.

**Definition 1.** Let  $R$  be a ring. An ideal  $I$  of a ring  $R$  is called an even ideal of  $R$  if  $a \in 2I, \forall a \in I$ .

**Definition 2.** Let  $R$  be a ring. An ideal  $I$  of a ring  $R$  is called an even square ideal of  $R$  if  $a^2 \in 2I, \forall a \in I$ .

**Proposition 1.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $I, J$  are any two even ideals of  $R$  then  $I+J$  and  $IJ$  are even ideals of  $R$ .

**Proof.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $I, J$  are any two even ideals of  $R$ . Clearly  $I+J$  is an ideal of  $R$ . We have to prove that  $I+J$  is an even ideal of  $R$ . Let  $x_i \in I, y_i \in J$  then

$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i + y_i \in I+J$ . Clearly  $x_i \in 2I, \forall x_i \in I$  and  $y_i \in 2I, \forall y_i \in I$ . This gives that

$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i + y_i \in 2(I+J)$ . This implies that  $I+J$  is an even ideal of  $R$ . Similarly one can easily prove that  $IJ$  is an even ideal of  $R$ .

**Proposition 2.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $I, J$  are any two even square ideals of  $R$  then  $I+J$  and  $IJ$  are even square ideals of  $R$  provided  $R$  is a commutative ring.

**Proof.** Let  $R$  be a commutative ring and  $I, J$  are even square ideals of  $R$ . We shall prove that  $IJ$  is an even square ideal of  $R$ . Clearly  $IJ$  is an ideal of  $R$  [3]. Let  $x_i \in I, y_i \in J$

then we see that  $\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \in IJ$ . We have  $\left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i\right)^2 = x_1^2 y_1^2 + \dots + x_n^2 y_n^2 + 2 \sum_{i,j=1}^n x_i x_j y_i y_j$ ,

$i \neq j$ .  $I$  and  $J$  are even square ideals therefore  $x_i^2 \in 2I$  and  $y_i^2 \in 2J$  for each  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ .

This implies  $\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 y_i^2 \in 2IJ$ . Also,  $2 \sum_{i,j=1}^n x_i x_j y_i y_j \in 2IJ$ . Thus  $\left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i\right)^2 \in 2IJ$ . Hence

$IJ$  is an even square ideal. Similarly one can easily prove that  $I+J$  is an even square ideal of  $R$ .

**Proposition 3.** Let  $R$  be a field of characteristic  $\neq 2$  then both the ideals of  $R$  are even square ideals.

**Remark 1.** The proof follows from the fact that each field of characteristic  $\neq 2$  is an even square ring.

**Proposition 4.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $I$  be an even square ideal of  $R$  then the ring  $\frac{R}{I}$  is not necessarily an even square ring.

**Proof.** We shall give an example to prove this result. Let  $R$  be the ring of integers. Then the set  $I$  of all even square integers is an even square ideal of  $R$ . However the factor ring  $\frac{R}{I}$  is not an even square ring.

**Remark 2.** The ring of integers is not an even square ring. But it has even square ideals. Thus if  $R$  be a ring and it has even square ideals then  $R$  is not necessarily an even square ring.

**Proposition 5.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $I$  be an ideal of  $R$  then the factor ring  $\frac{R}{I}$  is an even square ring provided  $R$  be an even square ring.

**Proof.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $I$  be an ideal of  $R$ . We have to prove that the factor ring  $\frac{R}{I}$  is an even square ring. Let  $a \in R$ . Clearly  $a+I \in \frac{R}{I}$ . We have  $(a+I)^2 = a^2 + I$ . If  $R$  is an even square ring,  $a^2 \in 2R, \forall a \in R$ . This implies  $(a+I)^2 \in 2\frac{R}{I}, \forall a \in R$ . Hence  $\frac{R}{I}$  is an even square ring.

**Proposition 6.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $I$  be an ideal of  $R$  then the factor ring  $\frac{R}{I}$  is an even ring provided  $R$  is an even ring.

**Proof.** The proof is similar to the above.

#### Some Examples of Even Square Ideals

1. An ideal  $I$  of a ring  $R$  consisting of nil elements of  $R$  is an even square ideal of  $R$ .
2. Let  $I$  be an ideal consisting of even elements of a ring  $R$  then  $I$  is an even square ideal of  $R$ . In this case the ideal is not necessarily an even ideal.
3. Let  $I$  be an ideal consisting of even square elements of a ring  $R$  then  $I$  is an even square ideal of  $R$ .
4. Let  $Z$  be the ring of integers then for each  $m \in Z$ ,  $I = mx : x \in E$  gives an even square ideal of  $Z$ . Here  $E$  is the set of all even square integers.
5. Let us define  $I = \left\{ \frac{p}{q} : p, q = 1, q \neq 0, p \in E, q \in Z \right\}$  then it is easy to verify that  $I$  is an even square ideal of the ring of rational numbers.

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